

# THE GUJARAT <sup>1</sup>[PANCHAYATS, MUNICIPALITIES, MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AND STATE] TAX ON PROFESSIONS, TRADERS, CALLINGS AND EMPLOYMENTS ACT, 1976

To provide for the levy and collection of a tax on professions, trades, callings and employment for the benefit of the State.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Gujarat State Legislature (Delegation of Powers) Act, 1976, (44 of 1976) the President is please to enact as follows:

## 1. Short title extent and commencement

1. This Act may be called <sup>2</sup>["Gujarat Panchayats, Municipalities, Municipal Corporations and State] Tax on Professions, Traders, Callings and Employments Act, 1976."
2. It extends to the whole of the State of Gujarat.
3. It shall come into force on the 1st of April, 1976.

## 2. Definitions

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,

- (a) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Profession Tax appointed under section 12, and includes an Additional Commissioner of Profession Tax (if any) appointed under that section:
- (aa) <sup>3</sup>[“Designated Authority”
  - (i) a Municipal Corporation of a City constituted under section 5 of the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporations Act, 1949; (Bom. LIX of 1949)
  - (ii) a Municipality as defined in clause (14) of section 2 of the Gujarat Municipalities Act, 1963; (Guj. 34 of 1964)
  - (iii)
    - (a) a village panchayat constituted under section 9 of the Gujarat Panchayats Act, 1993; (Guj. 18 of 1993)
    - (b) a taluka panchayat constituted under section 10 of the said Act; and
    - (c) a district panchayat constituted under section 11 of the said Act; or, as the case may be, the State Government, and includes, where such Municipal Corporation, Municipality or, as the case may be, Panchayat has been superseded or dissolved, a person or persons appointed to exercise the powers or to perform the functions of such Municipal Corporation, Municipality or Panchayat, designated as such, subject to such conditions and for such class of persons mentioned in column 2 of Schedule I for such area, by the State Government by notification in the Official Gazette for the purposes of levy and collection of tax under this Act;”];
- (b) "employer" in relation to an employee earning any salary or wages on a regular basis under him, means the person or the officer who is responsible for disbursement of such salary or wages, and includes the head of the office or any establishment as well as the manager of agent of the employer
- (c) "month" means a month reckoned according to the British calendar.

- (d) "person" means any person who is engaged in any profession, trade, calling or employment in the State of Gujarat, and includes a Hindu undivided family, firm, company, corporation or other corporate body, any society, club or association, so engaged, but does not include any person who earns wages on a casual basis;
 

<sup>4</sup>["Explanation: Every branch of a firm, company, corporation or other corporate body, any society, club or association shall be deemed to be a person and a separate assessee for the purpose of levy of tax under this Act;".]
- (e) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (ee) <sup>5</sup>["Prescribed authority" means the officer appointed under sub-section (1) of section 12]
- (f) "profession tax" or "tax" means the tax on profession, traders, callings and employment levied under this Act;
- (g) "Salary" or "wage" includes pay or wages, dearness allowance and all other remunerations received by any person on regular basis, whether payable in cash or kind. And also include perquisites, and profits in lieu of Salary as defined in section 17 of the Income-tax Act, (43 of 1961). <sup>6</sup>[but does not include any form of bonus or gratuity]
- (h) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to this Act.
- (i) "Tribunal" means the <sup>7</sup>[Tribunal constituted under section 19 of the Gujarat Value Added Tax Act 2003. (Gujarat Act. No. 1 of 2005) and discharging the functions of the Tribunal assigned to it by or under this Act:
- (j) "Year" means the financial year.

### **3. Levy and Charge of Tax**

- (1) Subject to the provisions of article 276 of the Constitution and of this Act, there shall be levied and collected a tax on professions, trades, callings and employment <sup>8</sup>["by the Designated Authorities for the benefit of the Panchayats, Municipalities, Municipal Corporations or, as the case may be, the State"]
- (2) <sup>9</sup>[Every person engaged in any Profession, Trade, Calling or Employment and falling under one or the other of the classes mentioned in column 2 of Schedule I shall be liable to pay the tax to the Designated Authority at such rate fixed by it but not exceeding the amount mentioned against the class of such person in the said Schedule:
 

Provided that the rates of tax for the class of persons mentioned in entry 1 of the said Schedule shall be fixed by the State Government by notification in the Official Gazette:

Provided further that the tax so payable in respect of any one person shall not exceed two thousand and five hundred rupees in any year:

Provided also that the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify the minimum rate of tax for each of such class mentioned in column 2 of Schedule I, below which tax shall not be levied by the Designated Authority and different limits may be fixed for different Designated Authorities and the minimum rate so notified shall be levied till the Designated Authority fixes some other rate under the provisions of this Act:

Provided also that the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify the class of persons other than those mentioned in entries 1 to 9 in Schedule I,

to whom entry 10 in that Schedule shall apply:

Provided also that the tax shall not be levied from the persons mentioned below Schedule I "]

- (3) <sup>10</sup>[Where a person falls under more than one entry in Schedule-1, he shall be liable to pay the <sup>11</sup>[Designated Authority] the tax under such one of these entries where the rate of tax specified is the highest.
- (4) A person falling under any of the entries 2 to 10 in Schedule-1 shall be liable to pay the tax for the year irrespective of whether he is engaged in the profession, trade calling or employment during the whole of such year or any part thereof]
- (5) <sup>12</sup>[Where a person falling under any of the entries in Schedule I is liable to pay the tax to more than one Designated Authority, he shall pay the tax to the Designated Authority where the tax liability is highest:

Provided that where a person produces a certificate to the effect that the tax has been paid by him to the Designated Authority where the liability of tax is highest, the tax shall not be levied by any other Designated Authority.”.]

#### **4. Employer's Liability to Deduct and pay Tax on behalf of Employees**

The tax payable under this Act by any person earning a salary or wage, shall be deducted by his employer from the salary or wage payable to such person, before such salary or wage is paid to him, and such employer shall, irrespective of whether such deduction has been made or not, when the salary or wage is paid to such person, be liable to pay tax on behalf of all such persons.

Provided that, if the employer is an officer of Government, the State Government may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, prescribe by rule's the manner in which such employer shall discharge the said liability;

<sup>13</sup>[Provided further that where any person earning a salary or wage, who is covered by entry 1 of Schedule-1.

- (a) is also covered by one or more entries in Schedule I and the rate of tax specified under such other entry, or if he is covered by more than one other entry, the highest of the rates of tax specified under those entries is more than rate of tax specified under entry I in that Schedule by which he is covered; or
- (b) is simultaneously engaged in employments of more than one employer, and such person furnishes to his employer or employers a declaration in the prescribed form to the effect that the has obtained a certificate of enrolment under subsection (2) of section 5 and that he shall pay the tax himself, no deduction or payment of tax shall be made by the employer or employers under this section and such employer or employers, as the case may be, shall not be liable to pay the tax on behalf of such person.]

#### **5. Registration and Enrolment**

- (1) Every employer not being an officer of Government liable to pay tax under Section-4 shall obtain a certificate of registration from the prescribed authority in the prescribed manner.
- (2) Every person liable to pay tax under this Act (other than a person earning salary or wages, in respect of whom the tax is payable he his employer) shall obtain a certificate of enrolment from the prescribed authority in the prescribed manner.

- (3) The prescribed authority shall mention in every certificate of enrolment the amount of tax payable by the holder according to Schedule I and the date by which it shall be paid, and such certificate shall serve as a notice of demand for purposes of section 10.
- (4) Every employer or person required to obtain a certificate of registration or enrolment shall, within such period as may be prescribed, or, if he was not engaged in any profession, trade, calling or employment on the date of the commencement of this Act, within such period from the date of commencement of his profession, trade, calling or employment, <sup>14</sup>[or, as the case may be, within such period from the date of his becoming liable to pay tax] as may be prescribed, or in respect of a person referred to in sub-section (2) within such period from the date of his becoming liable to pay tax at a rate higher or lower than the one mentioned in his certificate of enrolment as may be prescribed, apply for a certificate of registration or enrolment, or a revised certificate or enrolment, as the case may be, to the prescribed authority in the prescribed form, and the prescribed authority shall, after making such inquiry as may be necessary within thirty days of the receipt of the application (which period in the first year from the commencement of this Act shall be extended to ninety days), if the application is in order, grant him such certificate.
- (5) Where an employer or a person liable for registration or enrolment <sup>15</sup>[has without reasonable cause failed] to apply for such certificate within the required time, the prescribed authority may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, impose a penalty not exceeding twenty rupees for each day of delay in case of an employer and not exceeding <sup>16</sup>[Ten rupees] for each day of delay in case of others.
- (6) Where an employer or a person liable to registration or enrolment has deliberately given false information in any application submitted under this section, the prescribed authority may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, impose a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees.

## 6. Returns

- (1) <sup>17</sup>[Every employer registered under this Act shall furnish to the prescribed authority, a return in such form, for such periods and by such dates as may be prescribed, showing therein the salaries and wages paid by him and the amount of tax deducted by him in respect thereof;

Provided that the Commissioner may, subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed, exempt any such employer from furnishing such return or permit any such employer,

- (i) to furnish them for such different periods, or
- (ii) to furnish a consolidated return to all or any of the places or work of the employer in the State where such employer ordinarily carries on his employment, for the said period or for such different periods, as he may direct, to the prescribed authority.]
- (2) Every such return shall be accompanied by a treasury challan or any other documents as may be prescribed in proof of payment of full amount of tax due according to the return, and a return without such proof of payment shall not be deemed to have been duly filed.
- (3) Where an employer <sup>18</sup>[has without reasonable cause failed] to file such return within the required time, the prescribed authority may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, impose upon him a penalty not exceeding <sup>19</sup>[Ten rupees]

for each day of delay.

## **7. Assessment of Employers**

- (1) If the prescribed authority is satisfied that the return filed by any employer is correct and complete, he shall accept the return.
- (2)
  - (a) If the prescribed authority is not satisfied that the return filed is correct and complete he shall serve upon employer a notice required him to attend in person or through an authorized representative, and to produce accounts and papers in support of the return, on a date specified in the notice.
  - (b) The prescribed authority shall on examination of, accounts and papers, assess the amount of tax payable by the employer.
  - (c) If the employer fails to comply with the terms of the notice, or if in the opinion of the prescribed authority the accounts and papers are incorrect or incomplete or unreliable, the said authority shall, after such inquiry as he deems fit or otherwise, assess the tax due, to the best of his judgment.
- (3) If an employer <sup>20</sup>[has without reasonable cause failed] to get himself registered or being registered has failed any return, the prescribed authority shall, after giving the employer a reasonable opportunity of being heard and after holding such inquiry as he deems fit, or otherwise pass an order assessing the amount of tax due, to the best of his judgment.
- (4) The amount of tax so assessed shall be paid within fifteen days of receipt of the notice demand from the prescribed authority.

### **7-A. <sup>21</sup>[Assessment of Other Persons**

- (1) If a person liable to obtain a certificate of enrolment under sub-section (2) of section 5 has failed to get himself enrolled or, being enrolled, has failed, to make payment of the whole or any part of the amount of tax a required by or under this Act, the prescribed authority shall, after giving such person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, and after holding such enquiry as he deems fit, or otherwise, determine the amount of tax due from him, and if such amount cannot be determined properly on the basis of the available material, determine the same to the best of his judgment.
- (2) The amount of tax due as so determined shall be paid within fifteen days of receipt of the notice of demand from the prescribed authority.]

## **8. Payment of Tax**

- (1) The tax payable under this Act shall be paid in the prescribed manner.
- (2) The amount of tax due from enrolled persons for each year as specified in their enrolment certificate shall be paid
  - (a) in the case of a person who stand enrolled before the commencement of a year or is enrolled on or before the 31st of August of a year, before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September of that year, and
  - (b) in the case of a person is enrolled after the 31st day of August of a year, within one month of the date of enrolment.

<sup>22</sup>[Provided that the tax payable under clause (a) May, for the year ending on the 31<sup>st</sup> March, 1990, be paid on or before the 30th day of November, 1989]

## **9. Consequences of Failure to Deduct or to Pay Tax**

- (1) If an employer (not being an officer of Government) does not deduct the tax at the time of payment of salary or wage, or after deducting fails to pay the tax as required by or under this Act, he shall without prejudice to any other consequences and liabilities which he may incur, be liable to pay, in addition to the amount of tax, simple interest at <sup>23</sup>[One and a half per cent], of the amount of the tax due for each month or part thereof for the period for which the tax remains unpaid.
- (2) If an Enrolled person fails to pay the tax as required by or under this Act, he shall be liable to pay in addition to the amount of tax, simple interest at the rate and in the manner laid down in sub-section (1)

## **10. Penalty for Non-Payment of Tax**

If an enrolled person or a registered employer, fails without reasonable cause, to make payment of any amount of tax within the required time or date as specified in the notice of demand, the prescribed authority may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, impose upon him a penalty not exceeding fifty per cent, of the amount of tax due.

## **11. <sup>24</sup>[Recovery of tax etc. as arrears of land revenue**

- (1) All arrears of any tax, penalty, interest or fees due under this Act from any person shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.]
- (2) <sup>25</sup>[For the purpose of effecting recovery of the amount of tax, penalty, interest or fees due from any person by or under the provisions of this Act, as arrears of land revenue,
  - (i) the Commissioner of Profession Tax, <sup>26</sup>[and the Additional Commissioner of Profession Tax] shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of the Collector under the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879; (Bom. V of 1879.)<sup>27</sup>[(hereinafter in this section referred to as "the said code)"]
  - (ii) <sup>28</sup>[the Deputy Commissioners] of Profession Tax shall have and exercise all powers (except the powers of arrest and confinement of a defaulter in civil jail) and perform all the duties of Assistant or Deputy Collector under said Code;
  - (iii) <sup>29</sup>[XXX] the Profession Tax officers, shall have and exercise all the powers (except the powers of arrest and confinement of a defaulter in a civil jail) and perform all the duties of the Mamlatdar under the said Code;
  - (iv) <sup>30</sup>XXXX]
- (3) Every order passed in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) shall, for the purpose of section 13, 14, and 25 be deemed to be an order passed under this Act]

## **11.A. <sup>31</sup>[State Employment Promotion**

**Fund [\* \* \*]**

## **12. Authorities for Implementation of the Act**

- (1)
  - (a) <sup>32</sup>[For carrying out the purposes of this Act, the State Government may, for each Designated Authority, appoint an officer to be the Commissioner of Profession Tax.];
  - (aa) <sup>33</sup>[For carrying out the purposes of this Act, the Designated Authority may appoint such other officers as an Additional Commissioner of Profession Tax and such number of Deputy Commissioners of Profession Tax, Profession

Tax Officers and other officers and persons not below such ranks, as the State Government may specify in this regards, with such designation.”;]

- (b) An officer appointed under <sup>34</sup>[clause (a) or (aa)] shall, within the limits of such area as <sup>35</sup>[Designated Authority may, by Order"] specify, to be within his jurisdiction, exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be conferred or imposed upon him by or under this Act.
  - (c) The superintendence and control for the proper execution of the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder relating to the levy and collection of the tax shall vest in the Commissioner.
- (2) The Tribunal constituted under <sup>36</sup>[Section 19 of the Gujarat Value Added Tax Act, 2003, (Guj. Act. No.1 of 2005)] shall be the Tribunal for the purposes of hearing appeals and revision applications and discharging other functions of the Tribunal under this Act, and accordingly the provisions of that Act relating to the Tribunal including section <sup>37</sup>[19], and the regulations (subject to such amendments as may be made therein in their application to the Tribunal for the purposes if this Act) made thereunder shall apply to or in relation to such Tribunal for the purposes of this Act;
- <sup>38</sup>[Provided that the Tribunal may with the previous sanction of the State Government, make separate regulations for the purpose of regulating its procedure and the disposal of its business, under this Act and the regulations so made shall be published in the Official Gazette.]

### **13. Appeal**

- (1) Subject to such rules as made by State Government, any person or employer aggrieved by any order made under section, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 15 or 16 may appeal against such order to
  - (a) the <sup>39</sup>[Deputy Commissioner], if the order is passed by any prescribed authority or officer subordinate to him;
  - (b) The <sup>40</sup>[Additional Commissioner], if the order is passed by the [Deputy Commissioner]; and
  - (c) the Tribunal, if the order is passed by any officer not below the rank of <sup>41</sup>[Additional Commissioner.]
- (2) No appeal shall be entertained after the expiry of sixty days from the date of receipt of demand notice or receipt of demand notice or receipt of the order;  
Provided that, the appellate authority may admit the appeal after the expiry of the aforesaid period, if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for the delay.
- (3) No appeal shall be entertained, unless the amount of tax or penalty or interest in respect of which the appeal has been preferred has been paid in full;  
Provided that in any particular case the appellate authority may dispense with the requirement of such payment if it is of opinion that such requirement will cause undue hardship to appellant.
- (4) The appellate authority in disposing of an appeal, may
  - (i) confirm, annul, reduce, enhance, or otherwise modify the assessment or penalty or interest, or
  - (ii) set aside the assessment or penalty or interest and direct the authority which made the assessment or imposed the penalty or charged the interest to pass a

fresh order further inquiry on specified points.

- (5) No order under this section shall be passed without giving the appellant or his representative, and where the appellate authority is the Tribunal, without giving the authority whose order or direction is the subject of the appeal or his representative, a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

#### **14. Revision**

- (1) Any order passed in appeal under section 13 may, on an application being made in this behalf, be revised by
  - (a) <sup>42</sup>[The Additional Commissioner,] if the order is passed by the [Deputy Commissioner;]
  - (b) The Tribunal, if the order is passed by the <sup>43</sup>[Additional Commissioner.]
- (2) The Commissioner may, of his own motion, revise any order passed by any authority other than the Tribunal under this Act.
- (3) Any order passed by the <sup>44</sup>[Additional Commissioner] under sub-section (1) or by the Commissioner under sub-section (2) may be revised by the Tribunal.
- (4) No revision shall be entertained under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) after the expiry of sixty days from the date of receipt of the order;  
  
Provided that, no order shall be revised by the Commissioner under this sub-section after the expiry of three years from the passing of that order.
- (5) No order under this section shall be passed without giving the applicant or the assessee a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

#### **15. Rectification of Mistakes**

- (1) Any authority under this Act may, of his motion or on an application being made in this behalf, rectify any mistakes apparent on the face of the record.
- (2) Any authority under this Act may review its own order if any employer has been under assessed for any period;  
  
Provided that no order adversely affecting an employer or a person, shall be passed under this section unless a reasonable opportunity of being heard has been given to such employer or person.  
  
Provided further that, no order shall be reviewed after expiry of three years from the date on which it is passed.

#### **16. Accounts**

- (1) If the Commissioner is satisfied that the books of accounts and other documents maintained by an employer in the normal course of his business are not adequate for verification of the returns filed by the employer under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner to direct the employer to maintain the books of accounts or other documents in such manner as he may in writing direct, and thereupon the employer shall maintain such books of accounts or other documents accordingly.
- (2) Where an employer wilfully fails to maintain the books of accounts or other documents as directed under sub-section (1), the Commissioner may, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard impose a penalty not exceeding <sup>45</sup>[Ten rupees] for each day of delay.

#### **17. Special Mode of Recovery**



- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force or contract of the contrary. The Commissioner may, at any time, by notice writing, a copy of which shall be forwarded to the assessee at his last address known to the Commissioner, require
  - (a) any person from whom any amount of money is due, or may become due to an assessee on whom a notice demand has been served under this Act, or
  - (b) any person who holds or any subsequently hold money for or on account of such assessee, to pay to the Commissioner, either forthwith upon the money becoming due or being held or at or within the time specified in the notice (but not before the money becomes due or is held as aforesaid), so much of the money as is sufficient to pay the amount due by the assessee in respect of the arrears of tax, penalty and interest under this Act, or the whole of the money when it is equal to or less than that amount.

#### Explanation

For the purposes of this section, the amount of money due to an assessee from, or money held for or on account of an assessee by, any person, shall be calculated after deducting there from such claims (in any) lawfully subsisting, as may have fallen due for payment by such assessee to such person.

- (2) The Commissioner may, at any time, amend or revoke any such notice, or extend the time for making any payment in pursuance of the notice.
- (3) Any person making any payment in compliance with a notice under this section shall be deemed to have made the payment under the authority of the assessee, and the receipt of the Commissioner shall constitute a good and sufficient discharge of the liability of such person, to the extent of the amount referred to in the receipt.
- (4) Any person discharging any liability to the assessee after receipt of the notice referred to in this section, shall be personally liable to the Commissioner to the extent of the liability discharged, or the extent of the liability of the assessee for tax, penalty and interest, whichever is less.
- (5) Where a person to whom a notice under this section is sent proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the sum demanded or any part thereof is not due to the assessee or that he does not hold any money for or on account of the assessee, then nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to require such person to pay any such sum or part thereof, as the case may be, to the Commissioner.
- (6) Any amount of money which a person is required to pay to the Commissioner or for which he is personally liable to the Commissioner under this section, shall if it remains unpaid be recoverable as an arrear of land revenue.

### **18. Production and inspection of accounts and documents and search of premises**

<sup>46</sup>[The Commissioner or any Officer Authorised by the Commissioner] under this Act may inspect and search any premises, where any profession, trade, calling or employment liable to taxation under this Act is carried on and may cause production and examination of books, register, account or document as may be necessary:

Provided that, <sup>47</sup>[The Commissioner or any Officer Authorised by the Commissioner] removes from the said premises any book, register, account or document, he shall give to the person in charge of the place, a receipt describing the book, register, account or document so removed by him and retain the same only for so long as may be necessary for the purposes of examination thereof for a prosecution.

## **19. <sup>48</sup>[Refund of Excess Payment**

The prescribed authority shall refund to a person the amount of tax, penalty, interest or fee (if any), paid by such person in excess of the amount due from him under this Act. The refund may be made either by cash payment or, at the option of the person entitled to such refund, by deduction of such excess from the amount of tax, penalty, interest or fee due from him:

Provided that the prescribed authority shall first apply such excess towards the recovery of any amount due from such person in respect of which a notice under subsection (4) of section 7 or, as the case may be, sub-section (2) of section 7A has been issued, and shall then refund the balance (if any)]

## **19-A. <sup>49</sup>[Remission of Taxes**

- (1) Subject to such conditions as it may impose the Government may, if it is necessary so to do in the public interest or to grant concession in case of double taxation or to redress an inequitable situation, remit by an order either generally or specially, the whole or any part of the tax payable in respect of any period by any class of persons.
- (2) The Commissioner may, in such circumstances and subject to such conditions and limits as may be prescribed, remit the whole or any part of the tax payable in respect of any period of any person or any class of persons.]

## **20. Offences and Penalties**

Any person or employer who without sufficient cause, fails to comply with any of the provisions of this Act or the rules framed thereunder shall, on conviction, be punished with fine not exceeding five thousand rupees and when the offence is a continuing one, with fine not exceeding fifty rupees per day during the period of the continuance of the offence.

## **21. Offences by Companies**

- (1) Where an offences under this Act has been committed by a company every person who at the time of the offence was committed was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of the business of any company, as well as the company shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to the proceeded against and punished accordingly:

Provided that, nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to any punishment, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where any offence under this Act has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

### **Explanation**

For the purposes of this section

- (a) "Company" means anybody corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and
- (b) "director", in relations to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

## **22. Power to Transfer Proceedings**

The Commissioner may, after giving the parties a reasonable opportunity of being heard, wherever it is possible to do so, and after recording his reasons for doing so, by order in writing, transfer any proceedings or class of proceedings under any provision of Act, from himself to any other officer, and he may likewise transfer any such proceedings (including a proceeding pending with any other officer or to himself.

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to require any such opportunity to be given where the transfer is from any officer to any other officer any offices of both are situated in the same city, locality or place.

Explanation

In this section, the word "proceedings", in relation to any assessee whose name is specified in any order issued thereunder, means all proceedings under this Act in respect of any year, which may be pending on the date of such order or which may have been completed on or before such date, and includes also all proceedings under this Act which may be commenced after the date of such order in respect of any year in relation to such assessee.

## **23. Compounding of Offences**

- (1) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, the Commissioner may, either before or after the institution of proceedings for an offence under this Act, permit any person charged with the offence to compound the offence on payment of such sum, not exceeding double the amount of tax to which the offence relates, as the Commissioner may determine
- (2) On Payment of such sum, as may be determined by the Commissioner under sub section, (1), no further proceedings shall be taken against the person in respect of the same offence.

## **24. Power to enforce attendance etc.**

All authorities under this Act, shall, for the purposes of this Act, have the same powers as are vested in court under the Code of Civil procedure, 1908, while trying a suit, in respect of enforcing the attendance of and examining, any person on oath or affirmation or for compelling the production of any document.

## **25. Bar to Proceedings**

- (1) No suit shall lie in any civil court to set aside or modify any assessment made or order passed under this Act.
- (2) No suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings shall lie against any authority under this Act or against any employer for anything done or intended to be done in good faith under this Act or the rules made thereunder,

## **26. <sup>50</sup>[Power to Delegate**

- (1) <sup>51</sup>[The Designated Authority may by passing a resolution in this behalf and by publishing the same in the Official Gazette], delegate to the Commissioner
  - (a) <sup>52</sup>[its powers of appointment of officers and persons, other than an Additional Commissioner under clause (aa) of sub-section (1) of section 12, and]
  - (b) its powers of specifying areas under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 12 in respect of officers appointed by the Commissioner under the powers delegated to him under clause (a); and

the Commissioner shall exercise the powers delegated to him under this sub-section

subject to such conditions and restriction as may be specified <sup>53</sup>[in the resolution.]

- (2) The Commissioner may, subject to such conditions and restrictions as the State Government may by general or special order impose, by order in writing delegate to any of the authorities subordinate to him <sup>54</sup>[XXX] either generally or in respect of any particular matter or class of matters any of his powers under this Act.]

26-A. <sup>55</sup>[Power to Exempt any of the authorities subordinate to him <sup>54</sup>[XXX] either generally or in respect of any particular matter or class of matters any of his powers under this Act.]

#### **26-A. <sup>55</sup>[Power to Exempt**

Subject to such conditions as it may impose, the Designated Authority may, after obtaining prior approval of the State Government, if it considers it necessary so to do in public interest, by resolution to be published in the Official Gazette, exempt any class of person from payment of whole or any part of the tax payable under the provisions of this Act.”.]

#### **27. Power to make Rules**

- (1) The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may, provide, for all or any of the following matters, namely:
- (a) <sup>56</sup>[the manner in which an employer referred <sup>57</sup>[in the first proviso to Section-4] shall discharge the liability under that sub-section and the form in which a person shall furnish a declaration to his employer or employers under the second proviso to the said sub-section (1):]
  - (b) the authority from which and the manner in which a certificate registration and a certificate of enrolment shall be obtained under sub-section (1) and (2) of sec- 3; and the authority to which and the form in which and the period within which an application for a certificate of registration or enrolment or a revised certificate of enrolment shall be made under sub-section (3) of section 5;
  - (c) the authority to be specified for the purposes of sub-sections (4), (5) and (6) of section 5, sub-section (3) of section 6, section 7, 10 and 19;
  - (d) <sup>58</sup>[the authority to which, the form in which the periods for which, and the dates by which, a registered employer return or permit, under the proviso to subsection (1) of section 6;
  - (dd) the terms and conditions subject to which, the Commissioner may exempt an employer from furnishing return or permit, under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 6;]
  - (e) the manner in which the tax shall be paid under sub-section (I) of Section-8.
  - (f) <sup>59</sup>[XXX]
  - (g) rules subject to which an appeal may be made under section 13.
  - (h) the conditions subject to which the Commissioner may permit any person charged with an offence to compound the offence, under sub-section (1) of section 23
  - (i) the fees Payable in respect of any application to be made, forms to be supplied, certificate to be granted and appeals and application for revision to be made

under this Act;

(j) any other matter which is or may be prescribed under this Act.

(3) <sup>60</sup>[XXX]

(4) All rules made <sup>61</sup>[by the State Government] under this section shall be laid for not less than thirty days before the State Legislature as soon as may be after they are made and shall be subject to rescission by the State Legislature or to such modification as the State Legislature may make during the session in which they are so laid or the session immediately following.

(5) Any rescission or modification so made by the State Legislature shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall thereupon take effect.

(6) <sup>62</sup>[For carrying out the purposes of this Act, the Designated Authority may make such rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act under its relevant law mentioned in clause (aa) of section 2 of this Act.”.]

**28. <sup>63</sup>[Amendment of Certain Enactments]**

The enactments specified in column 2 of Schedule II are hereby amended in the manner and to the extent specified in column 3 of thereof:]

**29. <sup>64</sup>[Grants to Designated Authorities]**

“Out of the proceeds of the tax and penalties, interest and fees recovered before the commencement of the Gujarat Tax on Professions, Trades, Callings and Employments (Amendment) Act, 2008 (Guj 10 of 2008) (hereinafter referred to as “the said Act”) or recoverable after such commencement as a result of previous operation of the Act under clause (a) of section 31, there shall, under the appropriation duly made by law, be paid annually to such local authorities as were levying a tax on professions, trades, callings and employments before the commencement of the said Act.”.]

**30. <sup>65</sup>[Power of State Government to Give Directions]**

“The State Government shall have the powers to issue directions to the Designated Authorities from time to time as may be required for the compliance of the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder and the Designated Authority shall, notwithstanding any provision in the relevant law, be bound to comply with such directions.]

**31. <sup>66</sup>[Savings]**

Nothing in the amendments made by the Gujarat State Tax on Professions, Trades, Callings and Employments (Amendment) Act, 2008 (Guj. 10 of 2008.) (hereinafter referred to as “the said Act”) shall affect or be deemed to have affected,

- (a) the previous operation of any provision of the Act or anything done or suffered under the said provisions before the commencement of the said Act;
- (b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the said provisions before the commencement of the said Act;
- (c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against the provisions of the Act before the commencement of the said Act; or
- (d) any investigation, legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid,

and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if the said Act

had not been passed.”.]

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- 1 For reasons for the Enactment see G. G. G. Ex-ordi. Part IV, dated 31st March 1976, Page 105.
- 2 Substituted by Guj. Act No.10 of 2008 Sec.2 for the word "State" w.e.f 1-4-08
- 3 This Clause (aa) was inserted by Guj. Act No.10 of 2008. Sec-3(1). W.e.f. 1-4-08
- 4 Added by Guj Act. No.10 of 2008. in Sec-3(2) W.e.f. 1-4-08
- 5 These new clause, inserted by Guj. Act No. 23 of 2006 Sec.2(1) w.e.f. 1-10-2006.
- 6 These words were inserted by Guj. 17 of 1977. Sec-2. w.e.f. 1-4-77
- 7 These words and figures were substituted for the words and figures "Gujarat-Sales Tax Tribunal Constituted under section 28 of the Gujarat Sales Tax Act, 1969 (Guj. 1 of 1970)" by Guj. Act. No. 23. of 2006 Sec. 2(2) w.e.f. 1-10-2006.
- 8 These words a figures were substituted for the words and figures "for the benefit of the State" by Guj Act No.10 of 2008 Sec.4(1) w.e.f 1-4-2008
- 9 Substituted for Sub-Section (2) by Guj Act No.10 of 2008 Sec 4(2) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 10 Sub-section (3) & (4) were added by Guj.14 of 1989. S-2(2) w. e. f. 1-4-89
- 11 These words a figures were substituted for the words and figures "State Government" by Guj Act No.10 of 2008 Sec.4(3) w.e.f 1-4-2008
- 12 This new sub-section 5 was inserted by Guj Act No.10 of 2008 S-4(4) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 13 This proviso was inserted by Guj.17 of 1977 S-3 w.e.f 1-4-77
- 14 These words were insterted by Guj. 20 of 1978, Sec-2(1) w.e.f. 1-4-78
- 15 These words were substituted for the words "has wilfully failed" ibid., Sec-2(2) w.e.f 1-4-78
- 16 These words were substituted for the words "Five Rupees" by Guj Act No.10 of 2008, Sec-5 w.e.f 1-4-08 17 Sub-section (1) was substituted for the original by Guj. 17 of 1977. Sec-4. w.e.f. 1-4-77
- 18 These words were substituted for the words "has wilfully failed" by Gujarat 20 of 1978. Sec-3. w.e.f. 1-4-78
- 19 These words were subs. for the words "Five Rupees" by Guj Act No.10 of 08, Sec-6 w.e.f 1-4-08
- 20 These words were substituted for the words "has wilfully failed" by Guj. 20 of 1978. Sec-4 w. e. f. 1-4-78
- 21 Section-7-A was inserted by Guj. 20 of 1978 Sec-5. w.e.f. 1-4-78
- 22 This Proviso was Inserted by Guj. 10 of 1990 w.e.f. 1-4-1989
- 23 These words substituted for the words "two percent" by Guj. Act No. 23 of 2006 Sec. 3 w.e.f.1-10-2006.
- 24 Section II and II-A were substituted for original section 11 by Guj. 20 of 1978. Sec-6 w.e.f. 1-4-78
- 25 Sub-section (2) and (3) were substituted for original section (2) by Gujarat Act No.18 of 1981.Sec-2. w.e.f. 1-4-81
- 26 These words Substituted by Guj.Act No.10 of 2008 Sec 7(1) for the words "the Additional Commissioners of profession tax and the Joint commissioner of profession Tax" w.e.f 1-4-08
- 27 These are added by Guj. Act No. 23 of 2006 Sec. 4 w.e.f. 1-10-2006.
- 28 Substituted by Guj. Act No. 14 of 2004 S.2 w.e.f.1-11-2004
- 29 deleted by Gujarat Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 7(2) & (3) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 30 deleted by Gujarat Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 7(2) & (3) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 31 Section II.A. were substituted for the orginal section II, by Guj. 20 of 1978 Sec-6 w.e.f. 1-4-78 and deleted by Guj. 12 of 1990. w.e.f. 1-4-90.
- 32 This Clause was Substituted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec. 8(1) (i) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 33 Inserted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 8(1) (ii) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 34 These were Substituted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 8(1)(iii) (a) & (b) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 35 These were Substituted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 8(1)(iii) (a) & (b) w.e.f 1-4-08
- 36 These were substituted by Guj. 23 of 2006 w.e.f. 1-10-2006.

37 These words substituted for the words "28" by Guj. Act. No. 23 of 2006 w.e.f. 1-10-2006.  
38 This proviso was added by Guj. 20 of 1978 5.7. w.e.f. 1-4-78  
39 These words substituted by Guj. Act. No. 14 of 2004 w.e.f. 1-11-04  
40 Substituted by Guj. Act. No 10 of 2008 Sec 9 for the "the joint commissioner" w.e.f. 1-4-08  
41 Substituted by Guj. Act. No 10 of 2008 Sec 9 for the "the joint commissioner" w.e.f. 1-4-08  
42 Substituted by Guj. Act. No 10 of 2008 Sec 9 for the "the joint commissioner" w.e.f. 1-4-08  
43 Substituted by Guj. Act. No 10 of 2008 Sec 9 for the "the joint commissioner" w.e.f. 1-4-08  
44 Substituted by Guj. Act. No 10 of 2008 Sec 9 for the "the joint commissioner" w.e.f. 1-4-08  
45 These are substituted by Guj. Act. No. 10 of 2008 Sec 11 w.e.f. 1-4-08 for the words "Five rupees"  
46 These are substituted by Guj. Act. No.10 of 2008 Sec 12(1) w.e.f. 1-4-08 for "Any Authority"  
47 These are substituted by Guj. Act. No.10 of 2008 Sec 12(1) w.e.f. 1-4-08 for "Said Authority"  
48 Section 19 was substituted for original section by Guj. 20 of 1978. w.e.f. 1-4-78  
49 Section 19-A was inserted by Guj. 18 of 1981 Sec-3. w.e.f. 1-4-81.  
50 Section 26 was substituted for original by Guj. 14 of 1989. Sec-3. w.e.f. 1-4-89.  
51 Substituted by Guj. Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 13(1) (i) w.e.f. 1-4-2008.  
52 Substituted by Guj. Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 13(1) (ii) for w.e.f. 1-4-2008  
53 Substituted by Guj. Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 13(1) (iii) for "in the Notification" w.e.f. 1-4-2008  
54 Deleted by Guj. 10 of 2008 Sec 13(1) (iv) w.e.f 1-4-08 for the words "or to the Officer authorised by the collecting Agent under sub-section (4) of section 12"  
55 Substituted by Guj 10 of 2008 Sec 14 w.e.f 1-4-08  
56 Clause (a) was substituted for the original Guj. 17 of 1977, Sec-6(i) w.e.f. 1-4-77.  
57 These words and figure were substituted for the words, brackets and figures "in the first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 4" Guj. 20 of 1978 Sec-9. w.e.f. 1-4-78  
58 These clauses were substituted for clause (d) by Guj. 17 to 1977, , Sec-6.(ii) w.e.f. 1-4-77  
59 Deleted by Guj Act No.10 of 2008 Sec 15(1) w.e.f 1-4-08  
60 Deleted by Guj Act No.10 of 2008 Sec 15(2) w.e.f 1-4-08  
61 Inserted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 15(3) w.e.f 1-4-08  
62 Inserted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 15(4) w.e.f 1-4-08  
63 Substituted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 16 w.e.f 1-4-08  
64 Substituted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 17 w.e.f 1-4-08  
65 Inserted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 18 w.e.f 1-4-08  
66 Inserted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 18 w.e.f 1-4-08  
67 Rate of tax from 1-4-08 refer Noti No. (GHN.10) PFT-2008-S-3(2)(3) Th dt 1-4-08  
68 Subs. by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec 19 w.e.f 1-4-08 for Schedule I & II  
69 Substituted by Guj Act No. 10 of 2008 Sec.19. w.e.f. 1-4-78